Patient Education Information brought to you by



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Common Dental Procedures

Crowns



When a tooth has been damaged by decay or through an accident, rather than to remove the tooth completely, it may be possible to fit a cover – known

as a crown or cap - over the remaining tooth.

Under local anaesthetic the tooth is reduced in size by the same thickness as the final crown, which will be cemented onto the tooth. Crowns are commonly made by a dental laboratory technician.

Replacing a Lost Tooth

There are three main types of artificial teeth and each one is designed for a particular circumstance.

Dental Implants



Dental implants are made by surgically placing one or more small metal posts beneath the gum directly into the jawbone. Implants are integrated

with the surrounding bone and serve as anchors to which replacement teeth can be attached.

Fillings and Repairs

Dental fillings and repairs use restorative materials to repair teeth which have been compromised due to cavities or trauma.

Dentures



teeth remain, a complete denture is required. In the case of a complete upper denture, suction helps hold it in place.

Bridge



A bridge or 'fixed bridge' is a replacement appliance that is cemented to adjacent teeth and cannot be removed.

A removable or partial

denture replaces all

remaining adjacent

teeth. the denture is

held in place. Where

none of the natural

By clasping the

lost teeth in the arch.

Typically, the two remaining healthy teeth on either side of the lost tooth are prepared for crowns.

A unit consisting of a false tooth and two crowns on either side is custom made to fill the area where the tooth has been lost. The appliance is then cemented into place.

Your dentist has the knowledge and training to recommend the best care options for you.

A healthy oral hygiene routine includes brushing and flossing twice daily and regular visits to your dentist that may involve having your teeth professionally cleaned or filling a cavity.

However, diligently brushing and flossing your teeth are not always enough to protect against the unexpected damage or loss of a tooth. When this happens, your dentist may recommend that the tooth be replaced in order to ensure a healthy mouth, regain your ability to chew, and prevent your teeth from shifting.

The following are some of the common procedures that can be performed by your dentist.

In difficult cases, your dentist may refer you for further consultation and treatment.

Bonding

Applying composite tooth bonding is a restorative procedure that uses tooth enamelcoloured composite resin (plastic) to repair teeth that are decayed, chipped, fractured or discoloured. Tooth gaps can also be closed.

Unlike veneers, which require laboratory work, bonding is done in the dental office.

Extractions



Teeth which have decayed (gone bad) can cause pain and infection. If your dentist cannot save the tooth then

it needs to be removed. Teeth may also need to be removed if they have been injured or if they are loose because of gum disease.

If a decayed tooth is not removed it can cause an infection around the root of the tooth. This can become very painful or swollen or develop an abscess.